

Profesionālās izglītības kompetences centrs "Rīgas Dizaina un mākslas vidusskola"

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Mācību līdzeklis Prievārdu izmantošana pēc konkrētiem vārdiem angļu valodā The Use of Prepositions after Certain Words in the English Language

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Profesionālās izglītības kompetences centra "Rīgas Dizaina un mākslas vidusskola" angļu valodas skolotāja

Izdales materiāla mērķis

Sniegt izglītojamajiem informāciju, kādus prievārdus nepieciešams izmantot pēc konkrētiem vārdiem angļu valodā, kā arī dot izglītojamajiem iespēju saskatīt šos vārdu izteicienus izveidotajos teikumos.

Apraksts

Izdales materiāls sniedz informāciju par to, kādus prievārdus izmantot pēc konkrētiem vārdiem angļu valodā, kā arī dod piemērus ar teikumiem, kuros ir iekļauti konkrētie vārdi ar prievārdiem.

Šis materiālu var izmantot kā ikdienas palīgu, apgūstot vai atkārtojot mācību vielu par konkrēto tēmu.

Rezultāts

Izglītojamie iemācīsies pareizi lietot prievārdus, kā arī zinās, kā pielietot tos teikumos. Tas rezultātā attīstīs un pilnveidos izglītojamo vārdu krājumu un uzlabos izglītojamo zināšanas par konkrēto gramatikas mācību tēmu, t.i. prievārdu izmantošana pēc konkrētiem vārdiem angļu valodā.

The Use of Prepositions after Certain Words in the English Language

Prepositions to remember	Example sentences with prepositions after certain words
A cheque for \$ 50	Yesterday I received a cheque for \$ 100.
A reason for something	He did not tell me the reason for leaving
	his job.
An increase/ a decrease/ a rise/ a fall in	There has been some decrease in public
something	spending cuts this year.
Damage to something	Factory waste may cause enormous
	damage to the environment.
An invitation to something	Yesterday Mary received an invitation
	to the party.
An answer to/ a reply to/ a solution to	The solution to the quiz may be found on
something	page 2.
An attitude to something	There have been a lot of changes in
	public attitudes to marriage.
Nice/ kind/ polite/ stupid of somebody	It was nice of you to offer him a seat.
Angry with/at somebody for/about	My wife was angry with me for not
something	calling her yesterday.
Bored with something/ somebody	We are bored with the lesson.
Sorry about something/ sorry for doing	He is really sorry about the damage of
something	your toy.
	He was very sorry for taking his wife's
	mobile without asking.
Typical of something/ somebody	This cake is typical of local bakery.
Sure of/ about something	Are you sure about your new job?
Good/ bad at something	My boyfriend is really good at learning
	foreign languages.

Married/ engaged to somebody	Mary is married to Paul.			
Different from/to somebody/ something	British English is quite different from			
	American English.			
Dependent on/upon somebody/	A lot of wives are dependent on their			
something	husbands.			
Independent from/of something	He is independent of his parents.			
Responsible for something	Every teacher is responsible for his			
	teaching.			
Look/ stare at	Why are looking at me?			
Rich in something	Lemons are rich in vitamin C.			
Laugh/ smile at	Why don't you laugh at my joke?			
Listen to somebody/ something	Students should listen to their teachers			
	very carefully.			
Write something (a letter) to somebody	I am writing this letter to my pen-friend.			
Apologise to somebody for something	I apologise to you for being late.			
Surprised/ shocked/ amazed at/by	He was surprised at how quickly she			
something	agreed to take his invitation.			
Be in love with somebody	He has been in love with his wife for 50			
	years.			
Take care of something	He takes great care of his books.			
Care about something	Patricia cares deeply about global issues.			
Wait for somebody/ something	Wait for me, please!			
Leave a place for (another place)	The plane leaves for New York at 12 am.			
Hear from (receive a letter from	I have not heard from him for ages.			
somebody)				
Complain to somebody about/of	I am going to complain to the teacher			
something	about your bad behaviour.			
Die of/ from something (an illness)	He died of cancer last year.			
Consist of somebody/ something	The book consists of three chapters.			
Pay for something	Mary will pay for the lunch.			
Suffer from (a disease)	She suffers from heart disease.			
Live on something (money, food)	His salary is not enough for his family to			
	live on.			

Congratulate somebody on something	The teacher congratulated the students on			
	their exam results.			
Believe in somebody/ something	Do you believe in			
	God?			
Succeed in something	She did not have necessary knowledge to			
	succeed in business.			
Happen to somebody/ something	This thing might happen only to you.			
	What's happened to your bike?			
Spend (money) on something	We have spent a lot of money on our trip			
	to Europe.			
Prefer one thing to another	I prefer tea to coffee.			
Insist on something/somebody doing	His mother insisted on his travelling to			
something	the USA.			
Divide into something	The bar of chocolate can be divided into			
	three parts.			
Apply for a job	Have you applied for a new job?			
Similar to somebody/ something	My son is very similar to his father.			
Rely on somebody/ something	Nowadays people rely heavily on			
	computers to organize their work.			
Specialise in something	This shop specialises in second-hand			
	clothes.			
Protect somebody/ something	Jack thought that the amulet would			
from/against something	protect him from harm.			
Involve in something	Parents should be involved in their			
	children education.			
Translate from one language into another	She translated the text from Latvian into			
	French.			
Concentrate on something	Please, try to concentrate more on your			
	studies.			
Keep on doing something	Don't keep on interrupting me!			
Protest against	In 1950s African Americans protested			
	against inequality and discrimination.			
Argue with somebody about/over	My parents always argue with each other			

something	about money.			
Belong to	Who does this bad belong to?			
Discuss something with somebody	I am not going to discuss my family			
	problems with you.			
At the weekend	I usually play the piano at the weekend.			
On fire	The house was on fire.			
At the end of something	At the end of my speech I want to thank			
	everyone for their attention.			
In the end = finally	He tried different jobs and in the end			
	became a teacher.			
To go on a trip	We went on a wonderful trip to the			
	mountains last summer.			
Accuse somebody of something	He accused her of theft.			
Afraid of something	Are you afraid of snakes?			
Aim at somebody/ something	I did not aim at you.			
Boast about/ of something	She is always boasting about how			
	beautiful she is.			
Dressed in	I like the men dressed all in black.			
Fail in something	Did you fail in your attempt to persuade			
	him to come to the party?			
Full of something	Life is full of unexpected things.			
Indifferent to somebody/ something	Government should not be indifferent to			
	public protests.			
Interested in something/ somebody	Are you interested in playing video			
	games?			
Jealous of somebody/ something	He might be jealous of my success.			
Warn somebody of something	He warned me of the danger.			
Be popular with somebody	He was popular with voters.			
Famous for something	She is famous for her novels.			

TEST Prepositions after Certain Words

Pārbaudes darba mērķis:

Pārbaudīt izglītojamo zināšanas konkrētajā gramatikas mācību tematā, t.i. prievārdu izmantošana pēc konkrētiem vārdiem angļu valodā. Šo valodas vingrinājumu testu var izmantot kā kārtējo pārbaudes darbu, lai pārbaudītu izglītojamo zināšanas par šo mācību tēmu.

Pārbaudes darba apraksts: kontroldarbs sastāv no 4 dažādiem uzdevumiem. Pirmajā uzdevumā tiek pārbaudītas izglītojamo prasmes pareizi savienot vārdus ar atbilstošiem prievārdiem.

Otrajā uzdevumā pārbaudītas izglītojamo prasmes un zināšanas izvēlēties pareizo prievārdu no vairākiem piedāvātājiem prievārdiem atbilstoši teikuma kontekstam.

Trešajā uzdevumā tiek pārbaudītas izglītojamo prasmes un zināšanas ievietot prievārdus teikumos atbilstoši konkrētajiem vārdiem/ vārdu savienojumiem.

Ceturtajā uzdevumā tiek pārbaudītas izglītojamo prasmes tulkot teikumus no latviešu uz angļu valodu gramatiski pariezi, pielietojot katrā teikumā nepieciešamo prievārdu pēc konkrētā vārda.

Pārbaudes darba rezultāts: pārbaudīt izglītojamo zināšanas un prasmes prievārdu izmantošana pēc konkrētiem vārdiem angļu valodā, nostiprināt izglītojamo zināšanas par šo mācību tēmu. Novērtēt izglītojamo darbu.

TEST. Prepositions after Certain Words

I Match the words with the appropriate prepositions.

1.	Rich	a.) of
2.	Typical	b.) to
3.	Listen	c.) in
4.	Divide	d.) at
5.	Apply	e.) for
6.	Laugh	f.) into
7.	Keep	g.) about
8.	Argue	h.) on
9.	Protest	i.) with
10	. Bored	j.) against

10 points

II Circle the appropriate preposition and fill in the gap.

			S		
1.We went	a wonderf	ul trip to the m	ountains last summer.		
a.) to	b.) on	c.) in	d.) at		
2. I like the m	nen dressed all	black.			
a.) at	b.) for	c.) in	d.) against		
3. He might b	e jealous	my success.			
a.) of	b.) at	c.) for	d.) into		
4. Parents sho	ould be involve	d their c	hildren education.		
a.) about	b.) at	c.) from	d.) in		
5. He prefers	chocolate	. coffee.			
a.) towards	b.) with	c.) on	d.) to		
6. Please, try	to concentrate	more you	ar studies.		
a.) on	b.) at	c.) in	d.) into		
7. Mary usually plays the piano the weekend.					

a.) i	in	b.) int	0	c.) at	d.)	for			
8. This shop specialises hand-made clothes.									
a.) a	at	b.) wi	th	c.) in	d.)	on			
9. F	He accuse	d her	theft.						
a.) a	against	b.) fro	om	c.) to	d.)	of			
10.	Don't ke	ер	. interrup	ting me!					
a.)	on	b.) at		c.) of	d.)	with			
									10 points
III	Compl	ete the	senten	ces with	the ap	propria	ite prep	osition	s.
1. Y	esterday	I gave l	nim an in	vitation .	my	party.			
2. S	Something	g unusua	l happen	ed	me whi	le I was	sleeping.		
3. I	have reco	ently app	plied	this jol	b but ther	e is still	no answe	er.	
4. V	Vhen I fir	st met h	im I fell	in love	h	im imme	diately.		
5. A	Are you g	ood	Englis	h gramma	ar?				
6. I	t wasn't r	nice	you to	forget al	oout my b	oirthday.			
7. N	Mary was	engageo	dJol	hn last mo	onth.				
8. I	am bored	1	your Mat	ths lesson	ns.				
9. V	Vait	. a minu	ite, I'll so	oon be rea	ndy!				
10.	Does this	s expens	ive car be	elong	your j	parents?			
									10 points
IV	Transla	ate the	senten	ces into	English	1.			
1. P	ārtulkoji	et, lūdzu	, šo tekst	u no latvi	iešu uz ar	ngļu valo	du.		
2. T	u esi ļoti	līdzīgs	savam tēt	tim.					
3. V	/ai tu tici	burvest	ībām?						
4. Es esmu ļoti atšķirīgs no saviem klasesbiedriem, jo es cītīgi mācos.									
5. E	5. Es nevaru tērēt visu naudu, jo esmu atkarīgs no saviem vecākiem. 5 points								
								Total:	35 points.
1 -6	6,5-11,5	3 12-17	4 17,5-20,5	5 21-24	6 24,5-27,5	7 28-31	8 31,5-33	9 33,5-34,5	35

1-6

TEST. Prepositions after Certain Words

(Keys)

I Match the words with the appropriate prepositions.

1. c; 2. a; 3.b; 4. f; 5. e; 6. d; 7. h; 8. g; 9. j; 10. i.

II Circle the appropriate preposition and fill in the gap.

1.b; 2. c; 3. a; 4. d; 5. d; 6. a; 7. c; 8. c; 9. d; 10. a.

III Complete the sentences with the appropriate prepositions.

- 1. Yesterday I gave him an invitation to my party.
- 2. Something unusual happened to me while I was sleeping.
- 3. I have recently applied for this job but there is still no answer.
- 4. When I first met him I fell in love with him immediately.
- 5. Are you good at English grammar?
- 6. It wasn't nice of you to forget about my birthday.
- 7. Mary was engaged to John last month.
- 8. I am bored with your Maths lessons.
- 9. Wait for a minute, I'll soon be ready!
- 10. Does this expensive car belong to your parents?

IV Translate the sentences into English.

- 1. Translate, please, this text from Latvian into English language.
- 2. You are very similar to your father.
- 3. Do you believe in magic?
- 4. I am very different from my classmates because I am studying hard.
- 5. I can't spend all my money because I am dependent on my parents.